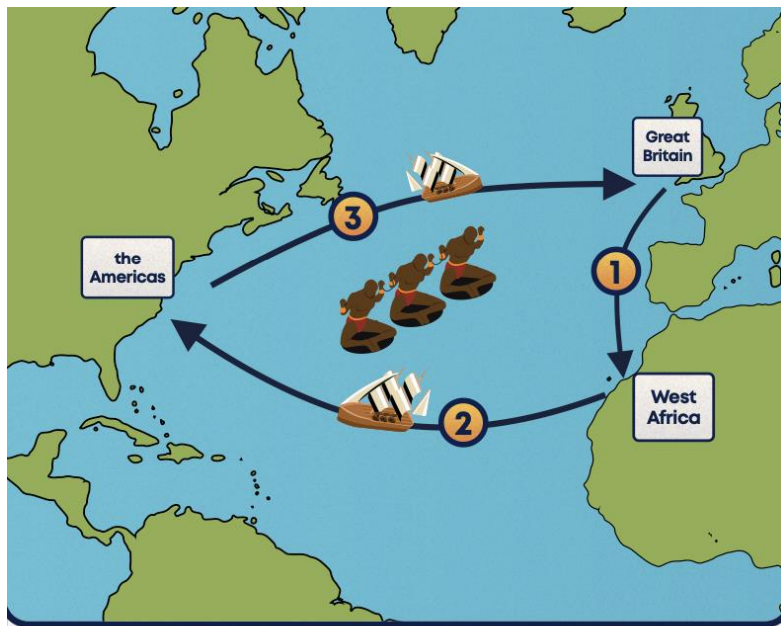


The Transatlantic Slave Trade - History Y5



the transatlantic slave trade is sometimes known as the 'Triangular Trade', since it was three-sided, involving voyages: from Europe to Africa, from Africa to the Americas, from the Americas back to Europe

Transatlantic Slave Trade: forced migration of millions of people from Africa to the Western Hemisphere from the middle of the 15th century to the end of the 19th century.

Enslaved Africans: a human being classed as property, who is owned by another person and is forced to work for nothing!

Atlantic passage: sometimes known as the 'Middle Passage', refers to the part of the trade where enslaved Africans, densely packed onto ships, were transported across the Atlantic to the West Indies.

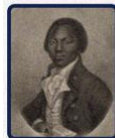
Plantation: usually a large farm or estate on which cotton, tobacco, coffee sugarcane or the like is grown.

Abolitionists: someone who wanted to end slavery.



Thomas Clarkson

Thomas Clarkson was a prominent eighteenth-century anti-slavery campaigners: in 1787, he helped form the first Abolitionist Committee



Olaudah Equiano

Equiano was one of the most prominent black campaigners in the anti-slavery campaign: he was an ex-slave who, by the 1780s, lived as a free man in London, and is mostly remembered for his 1789 autobiography.



William Wilberforce

William Wilberforce was the main figurehead in British Parliament for the abolitionist campaign

